

# Downstream pressure reducer-stabilizer for high temperatures - Mod. VRCD ST

The CSA direct acting pressure reducing valve Mod. VRCD ST reduces and stabilizes the downstream pressure to a constant value, regardless of flow rate and upstream pressure variations. It can be used for water, air and fluids in general with a maximum working pressure of 40 bar.



# **Technical features and benefits**

- Flanged version DN 50-150.
- Upstream and downstream pressure balanced, to stabilize the downstream pressure to a pre-set (and adjustable) value regardless of upstream pressure variations without creating unwanted upsurges.
- Ductile cast iron for body and cap, piston in stainless steel, seat in stainless steel, guiding bush in stainless steel as well as bolts and nuts.
- Innovative self cleaning piston technology (patent pending) to improve performances reducing maintenance operations.
- Mobile block composed of three components in gun metal/stainless steel obtained by CNC to ensure the maximum accuracy and sliding precision, this is to avoid friction and unexpected leakage.
- Upstream/downstream pressure outlets for gauges.
- Large expansion chamber to reduce noise and to provide an excellent resistance to cavitation.
- Body and cap nickel-plated for high temperatures.

# **Applications**

- Industrial plants.
- Heating systems.
- Process plants.
- Buildings and civil installations in general.



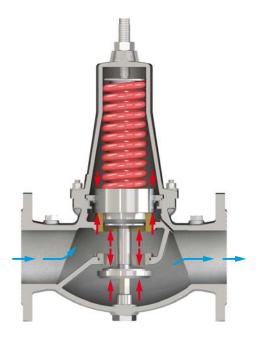
# **Operating principle**

The operating principle of VRCD ST is based on a piston sliding into two rings in stainless steel/bronze of different diameters. These rings, tightly connected to the body, form a watertight chamber also known as the compensation chamber which is necessary for the accuracy and stability of the valve.



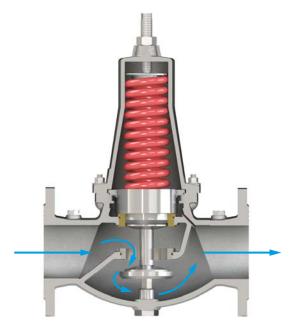
# Valve normally open

Without any pressure the VRCD ST is a normally open valve, where the piston is kept pushed down by the force of the spring located in the cover.



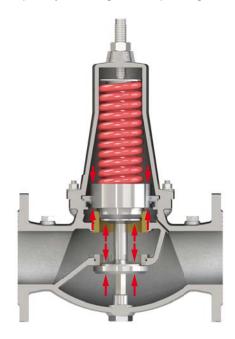
# Valve modulating

Should the downstream pressure rise above the valve's set point the resultant of the force obtained by the downstream pressure, acting on the mobile block and the compensation chamber against the spring pushing downwards, will move the obturator in order to produce the required head loss to modulate and stabilize the downstream pressure.



### Valve fully open

During working conditions, should the downstream pressure drop below the valve's set point obtained by the compression of the spring, the VRCD ST will open completely allowing the full passage.



# Valve fully closed (static conditions)

Should the water supply be interrupted from downstream the system will go in static conditions, the VRCD ST will maintain and stabilize the required pressure even with no flow thanks to the pressure balanced technology and compensation chamber.



### **Technical data**

DN mm	50	65	80	100	125	150
Kv (m³/h)/bar	20	47	72	116	147	172

# 

# 5 10 15 20 25 Downstream (bar)

1,5

2,5

v (m/s)

#### **Head loss coefficient**

Kv coefficient representing the flow rate which is flowing through the valve fully open, and producing a head loss of 1 bar.

### **Cavitation chart**

- A: Recommended working conditions;
- B: Incipient cavitation;
- C: Damage cavitation.

Ensure that the working point, obtained connecting upstream (y axis) and downstream (x axis) pressure conditions, falls on the A zone with the smallest valve to meet the required flow.

The chart is to be used for valves modulating with an opening percentage between 35-40% at standard water temperature and elevation below 300 m. For continuous pressure reduction the maximum allowed DP shall not exceed 24 bar.

# **Reduced pressure falloff**

The plot is showing the reduced pressure falloff that occurs through the valve when the flow increases. Ensure that the operating conditions fall on the area depicted in blue for the recommended fluid flow velocity through the valve.

# **Working conditions**

0.5

6.0

5,5 L 0

Treated water with a maximum temperature of 100°C.

Upstream pressure (inlet): maximum 40 bar.

Downstream pressure (outlet): adjustable from 1,5 to 6 bar or from 5 to 12 bar. Higher downstream pressure values on request.

### **Standard**

Certified and tested in compliance with EN 1074/5.

Flanges according to EN 1092/2.

Body and cap nickel-plated.

Changes on flanges and coating available on request.

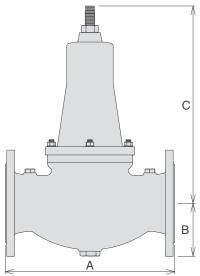
### **Recommended flow rate**

DN (mm)	50	65	80	100	125	150
Flow rate min. (I/s)	0,3	0,5	0,8	1,2	1,8	2,6
Flow rate max. (I/s)	3,9	6,6	10	15	24	35

### Weights and dimensions

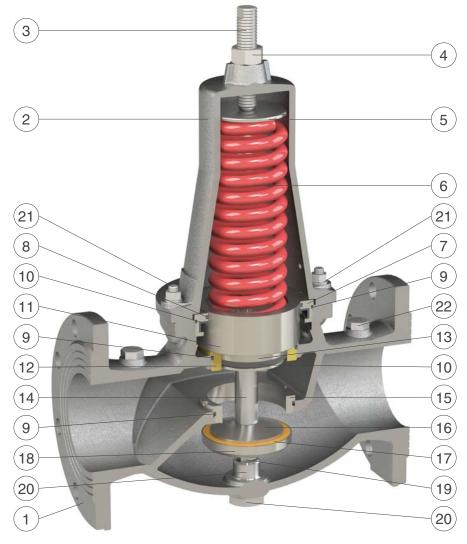
DN (mm)	50	65	80	100	125	150
A (mm)	230	290	310	350	400	450
B (mm)	83	93	100	110	135	150
C (mm)	280	320	350	420	590	690
Weight (Kg)	12	19	24	34	56	74

Values are approximate, consult CSA service for more details.





# **Technical details**



N.	Component	Standard material	Optional
1	Body	nickel-plated ductile cast iron GJS 450-10 or 500-7	
2	Сар	nickel-plated ductile cast iron GJS 450-10 or 500-7	
3	Driving screw	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
4	Nut	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
5	Spring guide	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
6	Spring	spring painted steel 52SiCrNi5	
7	Main bush	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
8	Sliding ring	PTFE	
9	O-rings	Viton	
10	Gasket	Viton	
11	Upper piston	st. st. AISI 303 (bronze CuSn5Zn5Pb5 for DN 125-150)	stainless s. AISI 303/316
12	Lower ring	bronze CuSn5Zn5Pb5	stainless s. AISI 304/316
13	Lower piston	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
14	Spacer	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
15	Obturator sealing seat	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
16	Gasket support	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
17	Plane gasket	Viton	
18	Gasket holder	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
19	Guiding shaft	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
20	Driving tap	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
21	Studs, nuts and washers	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
22	Taps for pressure gauges	stainless steel AISI 316	

The list of materials and components is subject to changes without notice.